## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

## **Listing of Claims:**

- 1. (Currently Amended) A substantially solvent-free priming composition comprising a polydiorganosiloxane polyurea copolymer comprising electron rich groups, wherein the electron rich groups are groups that provide self-priming capability.
- 2. (Original) The priming composition of claim 1 wherein the electron rich groups are tertiary amine groups.
- 3. (Original) The priming composition of claim 1 further comprising a silicone tackifying resin.
- 4. (Original) The priming composition of claim 1 wherein the composition is an adhesive.
- 5. (Original) The priming composition of claim 4 wherein the composition is a pressure sensitive adhesive.
- 6. (Original) The priming composition of claim 1 wherein the composition is a primer.
- 7. (Original) The priming composition of claim 1 disposed on a substrate comprising acid functional groups.
- 8. (Original) The priming composition of claim 1 wherein the electron rich groups are present in an amount of at least about 0.01 wt-%.
- 9. (Original) The priming composition of claim 1 wherein the polydiorganosiloxane polyurea copolymer is prepared from an organic diamine polymer comprising electron rich groups.
- 10. (Original) The priming composition of claim 1 wherein the polydiorganosiloxane polyurea copolymer comprises the following repeating unit:

where:

each R is independently an alkyl moiety, a vinyl moiety or higher alkenyl moiety, a cycloalkyl moiety, an aryl moiety, or a fluorine-containing group;

each Z is independently a polyvalent moiety that is an arylene moiety, an aralkylene moiety, an alkylene moiety, or a cycloalkylene moiety;

each Y is independently a polyvalent moiety that independently is an alkylene moiety, an aralkylene moiety or an arylene moiety;

each E is independently hydrogen, an alkyl moiety of 1 to 10 carbon atoms, phenyl, or a moiety that completes a ring structure including Y to form a heterocycle;

each A is independently oxygen or --N(G)--, wherein each G is independently hydrogen, an alkyl moiety of 1 to 10 carbon atoms, phenyl, or a moiety that completes a ring structure including B to form a heterocycle;

B is an alkylene, aralkylene, cycloalkylene, phenylene, polyalkylene, polyalkylene oxide, copolymers, or mixtures thereof, or a moiety completing a ring structure including A to form a heterocycle; with the proviso that at least one B group includes an electron rich group;

m is a number that is 1 to about 1000; n is a number that is equal to or greater than 1; and p is a number that is about 5 or larger.

- 11. (Original) A substantially solvent-free priming composition comprising a polydiorganosiloxane polyurea copolymer comprising electron rich groups selected from the group consisting of tertiary amine groups, pyridine groups, and combinations thereof.
- 12. (Original) A pressure sensitive adhesive comprising a polydiorganosiloxane polyurea copolymer comprising electron rich groups and a silicone tackifying resin.

- 13. (Original) A pressure sensitive adhesive comprising a polydiorganosiloxane polyurea copolymer comprising electron rich groups and a silicone tackifying resin, wherein the electron rich groups selected from the group consisting of tertiary amine groups, pyridine groups, and combinations thereof.
- 14. (Original) The pressure sensitive adhesive of claim 13 wherein the electron rich groups are tertiary amine groups.
- 15. (Original) The pressure sensitive adhesive of claim 13 disposed on a substrate comprising acid functional groups.
- 16. (Original) The pressure sensitive adhesive of claim 13 wherein the electron rich groups are present in an amount of at least about 0.01 wt-%.
- 17. (Original) The pressure sensitive adhesive of claim 13 wherein the polydiorganosiloxane polyurea copolymer is prepared from an organic diamine polymer comprising electron rich groups.
- 18. (Original) The pressure sensitive adhesive of claim 13 wherein the polydiorganosiloxane polyurea copolymer comprises the following repeating unit:

where:

each R is independently an alkyl moiety, a vinyl moiety or higher alkenyl moiety, a cycloalkyl moiety, an aryl moiety, or a fluorine-containing group;

each Z is independently a polyvalent moiety that is an arylene moiety, an aralkylene moiety, an alkylene moiety, or a cycloalkylene moiety;

each Y is independently a polyvalent moiety that independently is an alkylene moiety, an aralkylene moiety or an arylene moiety;

each E is independently hydrogen, an alkyl moiety of 1 to 10 carbon atoms, phenyl, or a moiety that completes a ring structure including Y to form a heterocycle;

each A is independently oxygen or --N(G)--, wherein each G is independently hydrogen, an alkyl moiety of 1 to 10 carbon atoms, phenyl, or a moiety that completes a ring structure including B to form a heterocycle;

B is an alkylene, aralkylene, cycloalkylene, phenylene, polyalkylene, polyalkylene oxide, copolymers, or mixtures thereof, or a moiety completing a ring structure including A to form a heterocycle; with the proviso that at least one B group includes an electron rich group;

m is a number that is 1 to about 1000; n is a number that is equal to or greater than 1; and

p is a number that is about 5 or larger.

- 19. (Original) The pressure sensitive adhesive of claim 18 wherein at least 50% of the R moieties are methyl moieties with the balance being monovalent alkyl or substituted alkyl moieties having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, alkenylene moieties, phenyl moieties, or substituted phenyl moieties.
- 20. (Original) The pressure sensitive adhesive of claim 18 wherein m is a number that is 1 to about 25.
- 21. (Original) The pressure sensitive adhesive of claim 18 wherein n is a number that is greater than 8.
- 22. (Original) The pressure sensitive adhesive of claim 18 wherein p is a number that is about 40 to about 1500.
- 23. (Original) An article comprising a substrate and a priming composition disposed thereon, wherein the priming composition comprises a polydiorganosiloxane polyurea copolymer comprising electron rich groups.

- 24. (Original) The article of claim 23 wherein the priming composition further includes a silicone tackifying resin.
- 25. (Currently Amended) An adhesive article comprising a backing and a pressure sensitive adhesive disposed on at least one major surface thereof, wherein the pressure sensitive adhesive comprises a polydiorganosiloxane polyurea copolymer comprising electron rich groups and a silicone tackifying resin, wherein the electron rich groups are groups that provide self-priming capability.
- 26. (Original) The article of claim 25 wherein the electron rich groups selected from the group consisting of tertiary amine groups, pyridine groups, and combinations thereof.
- 27. (Original) The adhesive article of claim 25 wherein the backing comprises acid functional groups.
- 28. (Original) The adhesive article of claim 25 wherein the backing is a foam backing.
- 29. (Original) The adhesive article of claim 25 wherein the backing is a release liner and the adhesive article is a transfer tape.
- 30. (Original) An article comprising a backing, a pressure sensitive adhesive disposed on at least one major surface thereof, and a primer disposed on the pressure sensitive adhesive, wherein the primer comprises a polydiorganosiloxane polyurea copolymer comprising electron rich groups.
- 31. (Original) The article of claim 30 wherein the primer further includes a silicone tackifying resin.
- 32. (Original) The article of claim 30 wherein the backing is a release liner.

- 33. (Original) A primed surface comprising:
  - a surface; and
- a primer comprising a polydiorganosiloxane polyurea copolymer comprising tertiary amine groups.
- 34. (Original) A method of making a priming composition, the method comprising reacting a polyfunctional chain extender comprising electron rich groups with a polyisocyanate and a polydiorganosiloxane polyamine to form a polydiorganosiloxane polyurea copolymer.
- 35. (Original) The method of claim 34 further comprising combining the polydiorganosiloxane polyurea with a silicone tackifying resin.
- 36. (Original) The method of claim 34 wherein the polyfunctional chain extender is an organic polyamine.
- 37. (Currently Amended) A method of priming a surface, the method comprising applying a priming composition comprising a polydiorganosiloxane polyurea copolymer comprising electron rich groups, wherein the electron rich groups are groups that provide self-priming capability.
- 38. (Original) The method of claim 37 wherein the surface comprises a pressure sensitive adhesive.

## **Support for Amendment:**

Independent claims 1, 25, and 37 are amended to characterize the electron rich groups as "groups that provide self-priming capability." This Amendment is supported by the specification at, for example, page 2, lines 10-11.

The Amendment to claims 1, 25, and 37 does not introduce new matter, and entry thereof is requested. Upon entry, claims 1-38 remain active in this application.